



clklock (Phase-Locked Loop)

[Parameterized Phase-Locked Loop Megafunction](#)

The `clklock` [megafunction](#) enables phase-locked loop, or [ClockLock](#), circuitry available on selected [ACEX 1K](#) and [FLEX 10K devices](#). The `clklock` megafunction can reduce [Clock](#) delay and [skew](#) and can be used to generate internal Clocks that operate at frequencies equal to or twice the frequency of the system Clock. The `clklock` megafunction can also improve [setup](#) and [hold](#) times. Once `clklock` is locked onto the Clock, it generates a Clock signal which appears to have a negative delay with respect to the incoming Clock. The negative delay is designed to approximate the delay from `clklock` to the register, thus minimizing the apparent delay from the Clock pin to the register. For ACEX 1K and FLEX 10K devices, Altera recommends using the `clklock` megafunction rather than the [p11](#) megafunction.

You can use the `gencklk` utility to create a simulation model for this function for use in third-party simulators. Type `gencklk -h` at a DOS or UNIX prompt for information on how to use this utility.

AHDL Function Prototype (port name and order also apply to Verilog HDL):

```
FUNCTION clklock (inclk)
  WITH (CLOCKBOOST, INPUT_FREQUENCY)
  RETURNS (outclk);
```

VHDL Component Declaration:

```
COMPONENT clklock
  GENERIC (INPUT_FREQUENCY: POSITIVE;
          CLOCKBOOST: POSITIVE);
  PORT (inclk: IN STD_LOGIC;
        outclk: OUT STD_LOGIC);
END COMPONENT;
```

Ports:

INPUTS

Port Name	Description
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`inclk` Clock input to [ClockLock](#) circuit.

OUTPUTS

Port Name	Description
<code>outclk</code>	Clock output from ClockLock circuit.

Parameters:

Parameter	Type	Required	Description
<code>CLOCKBOOST</code>	Integer	Yes	Multiplier factor used to determine how much faster the <code>outclk</code> port should be than the <code>inclk</code> port; e.g., to indicate a 2x Clock, specify 2. The <code>CLOCKBOOST</code> parameter takes advantage of the ClockBoost circuitry available in some ACEX 1K and FLEX 10K devices. Legal <code>CLOCKBOOST</code> values for ACEX 1K and FLEX 10K devices are 1 and 2.
<code>INPUT_FREQUENCY</code>	String	Yes	Time value in MHz. Estimated frequency of the Clock at the <code>inclk</code> input to the <code>clklock</code> function; e.g., to indicate a 50-MHz estimated frequency, specify 50. You may also specify an "UNUSED" value.

The `clklock` megafunction automatically uses one of the two [global](#) Clock pins on the device to implement the ClockLock. The following rules apply to `clklock` megafunctions:

- A `clklock` megafunction must be fed directly by a dedicated input pin, which can feed only other `clklock` megafunctions that have the same `INPUT_FREQUENCY` value.
- Multiple `clklock` megafunctions with the same `CLOCKBOOST` parameter values are merged.
- A `clklock` megafunction can feed only the Clock inputs to registers (including [lpm_ff](#) and [lpm_latch](#)) or [RAM](#) functions. No inversion or other logic is permitted between the `clklock` output and the register or RAM Clock inputs.
- You can simultaneously use both single (1x) and double (2x) Clock frequencies. Both global signals can be driven from the same global Clock pin, with both 1x and 2x Clocks locked. To implement this feature, instantiate two `clklock` megafunctions, one with a `CLOCKBOOST` parameter value of 1, the other with a `CLOCKBOOST` parameter value of 2.



You can also implement a design with a single locked Clock by turning on the [CLKLOCKx1 Input Freq logic option](#) on an input pin instead of instantiating a `clklock` megafunction with a `CLOCKBOOST` parameter value of 1.

See also:

[Megafunctions/LPM](#)